

Homework 4.7: Remainder & Factor Theorems

Name: _____

Math 3

Directions: Use the Remainder Theorem to evaluate each function at the given value.

1) $f(x) = -x^3 + 6x - 7$ at $x = 2$

$f(2) = -3$

3) $f(a) = a^3 + 3a^2 + 2a + 8$ at $a = -3$

$f(-3) = 2$

5) $f(a) = a^4 + 3a^3 - 17a^2 + 2a - 7$ at $a = 3$

$f(3) = 8$

2) $f(x) = x^3 + x^2 - 5x - 6$ at $x = 2$

$f(2) = -4$

4) $f(a) = a^3 + 5a^2 + 10a + 12$ at $a = -2$

$f(-2) = 4$

6) $f(x) = x^5 - 47x^3 - 16x^2 + 8x + 52$ at $x = 7$

$f(7) = 10$

Directions: State if the given binomial is a factor of the given polynomial.

7) $(k^3 - k^2 - k - 2) \div (k - 2)$

$f(2) = 0$ yes!

9) $(n^4 + 9n^3 + 14n^2 + 50n + 9) \div (n + 8)$

$f(-8) = -7$ NO!

11) $(p^4 - 8p^3 + 10p^2 + 2p + 4) \div (p - 2)$

$f(2) = 0$ yes!

13) $(x^5 + 6x^4 - 3x^2 - 22x - 29) \div (x + 6)$

$f(-6) = -5$ NO!

8) $(b^4 - 8b^3 - b^2 + 62b - 34) \div (b - 7)$

$f(7) = 8$ NO!

10) $(p^4 + 6p^3 + 11p^2 + 29p - 13) \div (p + 5)$

$f(-5) = -8$ NO!

12) $(n^5 - 25n^3 - 7n^2 - 37n - 18) \div (n + 5)$

$f(-5) = -8$ NO!

14) $(n^4 + 10n^3 + 21n^2 + 6n - 8) \div (n + 2)$

$f(-2) = 0$ yes!

Directions: Divide the following.

15) $(p^4 + 5p^3 - 11p^2 - 25p + 29) \div (p + 6)$

$$\begin{array}{r} -6 \overline{) 1 \quad 5 \quad -11 \quad -25 \quad 29} \\ \underline{\downarrow -6 \quad 6 \quad 30 \quad -30} \\ 1 \quad -1 \quad -5 \quad 5 \quad \boxed{-1} \end{array}$$

$x^3 - x^2 - 5x + 5 + \frac{-1}{x+6}$

17) $(x^4 + 11x^3 + 33x^2 + 24x + 32) \div (x + 6)$

$$\begin{array}{r} -6 \overline{) 1 \quad 11 \quad 33 \quad 24 \quad 32} \\ \underline{\downarrow -6 \quad -30 \quad -18 \quad -36} \\ 1 \quad 5 \quad 3 \quad 6 \quad \boxed{-4} \end{array}$$

$x^3 + 5x^2 + 3x + 6 + \frac{-4}{x+6}$

16) $(8k^3 - 66k^2 + 14k + 8) \div (k - 8)$

$$\begin{array}{r} 8 \overline{) 8 \quad -66 \quad 14 \quad 8} \\ \underline{\downarrow 64 \quad -16 \quad -16} \\ 8 \quad -2 \quad -2 \quad \boxed{+8} \end{array}$$

$8x^2 - 2x - 2 + \frac{+8}{x-8}$

18) $(6v^3 + 42v^2 - 50v - 20) \div (v + 8)$

$$\begin{array}{r} -8 \overline{) 6 \quad 42 \quad -50 \quad -20} \\ \underline{\downarrow -48 \quad +48 \quad +16} \\ 6 \quad -6 \quad -2 \quad \boxed{-4} \end{array}$$

$6x^2 - 6x - 2 + \frac{-4}{x+8}$